

Philippines - KALAHI-CIDSS Community Development Grants

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Overview

Identification

COUNTRY

Philippines

EVALUATION TITLE

KALAH-CIDSS Community Development Grants

EVALUATION TYPE

Independent Impact Evaluation

ID NUMBER

DDI-MCC-PHL-IPA-IE-2018v01

Version

VERSION DESCRIPTION

Anonymized dataset for public distribution

Overview

ABSTRACT

This study is an impact evaluation of the KALAH-CIDSS (KC) program. The impact evaluation's key research questions can be divided into the following four themes:

1. Socio-Economic Effects: Does KC improve outcomes related to specific subprojects? Does it increase consumption, assets, or other facets of economic well-being?
2. Governance Effects: Does KC increase participation in local governance and government leader responsiveness to community needs?
3. Community Empowerment Effects: Does KC increase collective action and contribution to local public goods?

In order to isolate KC's effects, a randomized control trial evaluation design was chosen. The impact evaluation sample consists of 198 municipalities (with 33 to 69 percent poverty incidence), spread over 26 provinces and 12 regions. The 198 municipalities were paired based on similar characteristics (99 pairs) and then randomly assigned into treatment and control groups through public lotteries. The sample size is large enough to be able to detect MCC's projected eight percent change in household income as well as other smaller effects.

EVALUATION METHODOLOGY

Randomization

UNITS OF ANALYSIS

Households, communities

KIND OF DATA

Clinical data [cli]

Coverage

GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

National coverage with 198 sample municipalities spanning all 26 provinces of the Philippines.

Producers and Sponsors

PRIMARY INVESTIGATOR(S)

Name	Affiliation
Innovations for Poverty Action	

Metadata Production

METADATA PRODUCED BY

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation	Role
Innovations for Poverty Action	IPA		Independent Evaluator
Millennium Challenge Corporation	MCC		Review of Metadata

DATE OF METADATA PRODUCTION

2018-02-12

DDI DOCUMENT ID

DDI-MCC-PHL-IPA-IE-2018v01

MCC Compact and Program

COMPACT OR THRESHOLD

Philippines Compact

PROGRAM

Philippines KALAHI-Kapit-Bisig Laban sa Kahirapan-Comprehensive and Integrated Delivery of Social Services (KALAHI-CIDSS)-DSWD

MCC SECTOR

Other (Other)

PROGRAM LOGIC

The KALAHI-CIDSS (KC) program provides resources to poor rural municipalities to invest in public goods and by reviving local institutions to enhance people's participation in governance. Specifically, the program provides communities with grants for community-based social preparation, planning, and subproject implementation. The KC intermediate outcomes include the following: 1. Broad-based community participation in KC-supported community based development activities, 2. Transparent, inclusive and accountable KC process of local decision-making and implementation (facilitating more responsive local governance), 3. Villages complete and operate their community subprojects within technical, budget, time and sustainability standards. The main KC project outcome is the empowerment of targeted communities to achieve improved access to sustainable basic public services and to participate in more inclusive local government planning and budgeting. The program has the following intended impacts: 1. Broader-based community participation in regular local development and local governance activities, 2. More improved local poverty reduction indicators compared to what would have occurred in the absence of KC, 3. More inclusive and responsive local government decision-making.

PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS

As supported by MCC, KALAHI-CIDSS was implemented in 48 of the Philippines' poorest provinces. A province received funding for half of the municipalities in the province minus one municipality. Municipalities with a poverty incidence of 70% automatically received the program, and municipalities with a poverty incidence below 33% automatically did not receive the program.

Sampling

No content available

Questionnaires

Overview

1. Household questionnaire: This questionnaire was composed of modules on education, labor income sources, household assets and amenities, expenditures, social networks, and other topics.
2. Barangay questionnaire: The barangay captains (village leaders) were the principal respondents. The questionnaire collected data on the barangay's development projects, budget, demographics, and other topics.
3. Structured community activity observation and implementation forms: Community members were invited to take part in an open meeting to plan for the use of grant funds toward public good improvement. The observation and implementation forms recorded participation, attendance, discussion dynamics and structure of the meetings, as well as the subsequent procurement and completion of the resulting project.

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

Start	End	Cycle
2015-06-01	2015-10-30	N/A

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Data Processing

No content available

Data Appraisal

No content available